MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program

100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2320

Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2320

SRM Number: 4967A MSDS Number: 4967A

SRM Name: Radium-226 Radioactivity

Standard

Date of Issue: 17 March 2005

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Description: SRM 4967A consists of radioactive radium-226 chloride (and its radioactive

decay products), non-radioactive barium chloride, and hydrochloric acid dissolved in 5 mL of distilled water contained in a flame-sealed NIST borosilicate-glass ampoule. The resulting solution is 1.0 M hydrochloric acid. The SRM is intended for the calibration of instruments and for the monitoring of

radiochemical procedures.

Substance: Radium-226 Chloride and Barium Chloride in 1.0 M Hydrochloric Acid

Other Designations: Radium-226 Chloride and Barium Chloride (barium dichloride) in

Hydrochloric Acid (aqueous hydrochloric acid; hydrogen chloride; muriatic

acid).

SRM 4967A is a radioactive material with a massic activity of approximately 3 kBq g-1. The hazard information supplied in this MSDS is for the Chemical Hazard Only! For the hazard documentation concerning the radioactive material, refer to the SRM certificate.

2. Composition and Information on Hazardous Ingredients

Component: Hydrochloric Acid

CAS Number: 7647-01-0 **EC Number (EINECS):** 231-595-7

SRM Nominal

Concentration (mass %): 4
EC Classification: T, C

EC Risk (R): 23, 35

EC Safety (S): 1, 2, 9, 26, 336, 37, 39, 45

Component: Barium Chloride^(a)

CAS Number: 10361-37-2 **EC Number (EINECS):** 233-788-1

SRM Nominal

Concentration (mass %): 0.008

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⁽a) The total concentration of BaCl₂ in this material is less than 1 % of the composition of the mixture which is below the reportable limit required by OSHA according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 (g)(2)(i)(C)(1) for MSDS information of a health hazard. BaCl₂ is not listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report on Carcinogens nor has it been found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs, or by OSHA.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hydrochloric Acid

NFPA Ratings (Scale 0–4): Health = 3 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

Major Health Hazards: Respiratory tract burns. Skin burns. Eye burns. Mucous membrane burns.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation: Inhalation of fumes may cause irritation and burning of the nose, throat, and

upper respiratory tract, coughing and choking.

Skin Contact: Skin contact may cause severe irritation, inflammation, and chemical burns.

Eye Contact: Vapors are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. Eye contact may cause

severe irritation, conjunctivitis, corneal necrosis, and burns with impairment or

permanent loss of vision.

Ingestion: Ingestion can cause pain and burns of the mouth, throat, esophagus, and

stomach. May also cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, chills, shock, and intense thirst. Perforation of the intestinal tract and circulatory collapse may occur.

Death may occur due to esophageal or gastric necrosis.

Listed as a Carcinogen/ Potential Carcinogen:

Yes No

X In the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens.
 X In the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs.

By the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Hydrochloric Acid

Skin Contact: Rinse affected area with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes while

removing contaminated clothing followed by washing the area with soap and

water. Obtain medical assistance if necessary.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids, with copious amounts of

water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical assistance immediately.

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial

respiration if not breathing by qualified personnel. Get medical attention if

necessary.

Ingestion: If ingestion occurs, contact poison control center or physician immediately. **DO**

NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water or milk. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration. If person is unconscious, turn head

to side. Obtain immediate medical assistance.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Hydrochloric acid is not considered a fire hazard. May react with metals or heat

to release flammable hydrogen gas.

Extinguishing Media: Use regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, or regular foam. Neutralize

with alkaline material

Fire Fighting: DO NOT touch spilled material. Move container from fire area if it can be done

without risk. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out. Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire. Do not get water directly on material. Apply water from a protected location or from a safe

distance. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products.

Flash Point (°C): Not applicable.

Method Used: Not applicable.

Autoignition Temp. (°C): Not applicable.

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Flammability Limits in Air

UPPER (Volume %): Not applicable. **LOWER (Volume %):** Not applicable.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Occupational Release: DO NOT touch spilled material. Notify safety personnel of spill. Spills should

be handled according to radioactive spill procedures. In addition to the radioactive material, the material contains a strong acid and is corrosive.

Disposal: Refer to Section 13, "Disposal Considerations".

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage: Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep

separated from incompatible substances. Store in a well-ventilated area.

Safe Handling Precautions: See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" and the Certificate

for SRM 4967A.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits: Hydrochloric Acid

OSHA (PEL): 7 mg/m³ (5 ppm) ceiling

ACGIH: 2 ppm ceiling

NIOSH: 7 mg/m³ (5 ppm) recommended ceiling OES UK: 2 mg/m³ (1 ppm) TWA (gas) (mist) OES UK: 8 mg/m³ (5 ppm) STEL (gas) (mist)

Ventilation: Use a local exhaust ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable

exposure limits.

Eye Protection: Wear safety goggles. DO NOT wear contact lenses in the laboratory. An eye

wash station should be readily available near areas of use.

Personal Protection: Wear appropriate protective clothing and disposable chemically resistant gloves

to prevent skin exposure.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Component: Hydrochloric Acid

Appearance and Odor: Colorless, liquid. Pungent, irritating odor.

Relative Molecular Weight: 36.46 g/mol

Molecular Formula: HCl

Evaporation Rate

(for HCl solutions 0.02 N to 2 N): > 1 (ether = 1)

Density (1 M HCl): 1.0 g/cm³
Water Solubility: Soluble.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: X Stable Unstable

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat and combustible materials. May ignite or explode on contact with

combustible materials.

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Incompatible Materials: Hydrochloric acid is incompatible with cyanides, metals, amines, bases, metal

carbide, oxidizing materials, acids, halo carbons, combustible materials,

halogens, and metal salts.

Fire/Explosion Information: See Section 5, "Fire Fighting Measures".

Hazardous Decomposition: Acid halides.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Occur X Will Not Occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Route of Entry: X Inhalation X Skin X Ingestion

Toxicity Data: Man, Oral LD_{LO}: 2 857 μg/kg

Woman, Oral LD_{LO}: 420 µl/kg

Human, Inhalation LC_{LO}: 1 300 ppm/30 min Human, Inhalation LC_{LO}: 3 000 ppm/5 min Rat, Inhalation LC₅₀: 3 124 ppm/1 h

Investigated as a mutagen and reproductive inhibitor.

Health Effects

(Acute and Chronic): See Section 3: "Hazards Identification" for potential health effects.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Data

Fish Toxicity: Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC₅₀ (mortality): 21 900 μg/L (96 h)

Invertebrate Toxicity: Water flea (Daphnia magna) EC_{50} (immobilization): 560 μ g/L (48 h)

Algal Toxicity: Green algae (Chlorella pyrenoidosa) EC₅₀ (population size reduction):

800 μg/L (1 600 weeks)

Phytotoxicity: Water-hyacinth (Eichhornia crassipes) (residue): 1 000 μg/L

(4 weeks to 48 weeks)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations for

radioactive materials. Hydrochloric acid is subject to disposal regulations U.S.

EPA 40 CFR 262, Hazardous Waste Number D002.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

SRM 4967A: Radium-226 Radioactivity Standard (5 mL)

U.S. DOT and IATA: Radioactive Material, excepted package, limited quantity of material, UN2910,

Hazard Class 7; Sub Risk: Hydrochloric Acid, Dangerous Good in excepted

quantities (5 mL), Hazard Class 8

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations: CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4):

Hydrochloric Acid: RQ 5 000 lbs (liquid)

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30):

Hydrochloric Acid: TPQ 500 lbs (gas)

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40):

Hydrochloric Acid: RQ 5 000 lbs (gas)

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65):

Hydrochloric Acid: except non-aerosol forms

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119):

Hydrochloric Acid: TQ 500 lbs (gas)

California Proposition 65: Not regulated.

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SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE: Yes. CHRONIC: No. FIRE: No. REACTIVE: No.

SUDDEN RELEASE: No.

CANADIAN Regulations: WHMIS Classification: Not determined.

EUROPEAN Regulations: EC Classification:

T Toxic C Corrosive

Danger/Hazard Symbol:

T Toxic

EC Risk and Safety Phrases:

R 23 Toxic by inhalation. R 35 Causes severe burns.

S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S 26 In case of contact with eyes rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

S 36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face

protection.

S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately (show the label where possible).

National Inventory Status

U.S. Inventory (**TSCA**): Hydrochloric Acid: Listed on inventory.

TSCA 12 (b)

Export Notification: Not listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Sources: MDL Information Systems, Inc., MSDS Hydrochloric Acid 18 March 2004.

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this MSDS are provided only for use as a guide in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The MSDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the MSDS. The certified values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

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